

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, Y. N. HOSKOTE PAVAGADA TALUK.

Notification dated 18th October, 1956.

No. H. C. 117—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the inhabitants of Y. N. Hoskote Town that the Town Municipal Council, Y. N. Hoskote at their meeting held on 31st August 1956 have resolved to adopt the model Bye-laws of Births and Deaths as per draft Bye-laws appended hereto.

The Draft Bye-laws will be taken into consideration on or after one month from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette*.

Objections or suggestions, if any, may be sent in writing to the Municipal Council within one month from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette*. Objections or suggestions received after the date will not be considered.

Bye-laws for the registration of births and deaths in Municipalities framed under Section 48 (1) (f) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act).

1 Definitions.—For the purpose of these bye-laws.

- (a) The term "division" means the area in which any Registrar of Births and Deaths is appointed to perform his functions.
- (b) The term "occupier" includes any person for the time being paying or liable to pay to the owner the rent or any portion of the rent of the land or building in respect of which the word is used.
- (c) The term "President" means the President of the Town Municipal Council, for the time being.
- (d) The term "Public Institution" includes a prison, lock-up, lunatic asylum, hospital, reformatory, industrial school, barrack and any charitable or other institution, which is under the management of a public body, Officer, or person.
- (e) The term "Registrar" means and includes any person who may be appointed by the President as a Registrar of Births and Deaths for any Division of the Town Municipality.
- (f) The term "Registrar General" means the Director of Public Health to the Government of Mysore for the time being and the Deputy Registrar-General means the Superintendent, Bureau of Vital Statistics, for the time being.
- (g) The term "still born" or "still birth" have reference to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

2 Appointment of Registrars.—For the proper registration of all births and deaths, the Municipality shall be divided into Divisions and for every such division, Registrar of Births and Deaths shall be appointed.

3 Registrar to live in his Division.—Every Registrar shall reside at some conveniently central place within the Division of which he is Registrar, and shall cause his name with his designation as Registrar of Births and Deaths for the Division for which he is so appointed, in English and Kanarese, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of his office.

4 Temporary arrangements during illness or absence of the Registrar.—In case the Registrar is unable for more than a week to attend to his duties on account of illness, or other cause, he shall report the fact to the President, who shall at once make temporary arrangements for the performance of the duties of the Registrar, and any person thus temporarily appointed shall be held to be the Registrar

for the purpose of these Rules. The President shall report the arrangements made to the Registrar-General.

5 Information of birth to be given within seven days.—Information covering all the particulars specified in Form V. S. (B) appended shall be given to the Registrar of the Division within one week after the day of birth regarding every birth that takes place within the municipal limits.

The duty of giving notice of births is laid, in the first instance upon the father, provided the child is legitimate and that the father is within the Municipal limits.

In the absence of the father and in all cases of births of illegitimate children, the duty is laid on the mother provided her health permits.

Should both the father and the mother be unable or fail to give notice, the duty is laid on the Medical Officer or midwife attending the mother.

Where there is no Medical Officer or Midwife, the duty is laid upon the occupier of the building in which the birth takes place.

6 Information of death to be given within 36 hours.—Information regarding the death of any person dying within the Municipal limits covering the several particulars prescribed in Form No. V. S. 2 (b) appended shall within 36 hours of such death be given to the Registrar of the division.

The duty of giving such notice is laid, in the first instance, upon the nearest relative of the deceased person who has been present during his illness.

Failing such relative, it is laid upon the Medical Officer who attended the deceased person.

Where there is no Medical Officer, the duty is laid upon the occupier of the building in which the death occurred.

7 Births and deaths occurring in Public Institutions to be notified by the officer-in-charge.—The above bye-laws do not apply to the case of birth or death occurring in a public institution. In that case the duty of sending the notice is laid upon the officer-in-charge of the institution.

8 Particulars regarding dead bodies found exposed to be reported by the police.—In cases of the discovery of dead bodies, whether of newly born children or otherwise, it shall be the duty of the Police Station Officer within whose jurisdiction any such body is found to report to the Registrar such particulars as are available for the purchase of entries to be made in the register of deaths, as well as in the case of the bodies of newly born children in the Register of births.

9 Priests and burial ground watchmen to furnish information, if required.—Should the President so order, every person who conducts the funeral obsequies of any person dying within the municipal limits, and any person who is placed in charge of a graveyard, burning ground or other place of burial or cremation, shall furnish the Registrar with such information as he may be required by the President to furnish regarding any funeral obsequies conducted by him or any burials or cremations that have taken place within the premises committed to his charge, as the case may be.

10 Registrar to register information without fee or reward and to inform himself of every birth and death.—Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and death which takes place in his Division and shall register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fine or reward, the particulars required to be registered under bye-law 11 touching every such birth or death, as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

11 Forms of birth and death registers to be maintained in original, duplicate and triplicate.—The Register of Births shall be maintained in Form No. V. S. 1 (b) and the Register of Deaths in Form No. V. S. 2(b) appended, in original, duplicate and triplicate.

12 Entries to be numbered serially.—In each of these registers the occurrences registered shall be numbered serially, the series of numbers running from 1st January to 31st December. No entry shall be interpolated between two serial numbers.

13. *Written information received by the Registrar to be preserved for two years.*—All information received by the Registrar in writing in connection with the registration of any birth or death shall be filed by him and preserved for two years.

14. *Entries in respect of children born dead.*—A special column in the Register of births is provided for the entry of still-births which are not included in the statistics either of births or of deaths.

15. *Entries in respect of children born alive which die before the birth is registered.*—In the case of a child which is born alive, but dies before its birth has been registered, the Registrar shall enter the birth in the Register of Births and the deaths in the Register of Deaths.

16. *Registers to be renewed once a year.* Registers to be sent by the Director, Government Press, direct to the President for distribution to Registrars.—When register shall consist of 1,098 pages, 366 originals, 366 duplicates and 366 triplicates.—and shall be used continuously for a period of one year. The Director, Government Press, will print these registers and issue them to the President for distribution to the Registrars concerned at least by the end of November of each year.

17. *Triplicate copies to be sent daily to the President of the Municipality.*—The triplicate pages which have been written up during every day shall be detached at the perforation and sent by the Registrar to the President of the Municipality before the close of the following day. The particulars shall thereupon be posted into the consolidated registers of births and deaths which shall be maintained in the Municipality.

If during any day no births or deaths have occurred, the triplicate form should be sent with the remark "Nil" written thereon.

18. *The President to collect the duplicate returns from Registrars and forward them to the Registrar-General so as to reach him on or before the close of the third day following.*—The duplicate pages shall be similarly detached at the perforation and sent to the President, who, after scrutinising the returns carefully, should forward them in a bundle to the Registrar-General so as to reach him on or before the close of the third day, following.

19. *Check by President of regular receipts of returns.*—A set of posting registers showing the names of the Registrars will be maintained in the Office of the President, in which the returns received will be posted as they come in. When these registers show that the return for any day is 45 hours overdue, a reminder will be sent to the Registrars. The President will take disciplinary action against Registrars who are frequently in default.

20. *Process of sorting and abstracting the returns in the Central Statistical Office.*—The returns received in the Central Statistical Office will be abstracted and posted, into registers for purposes of compilation.

21. *Filing of returns permanently.*—As soon as the required information has been abstracted and posted, the returns for each month will be filed in racks. At the close of each year the returns will be transferred to record. These returns will be retained as permanent records.

22. *Reviews to be published weekly, monthly and quarterly.*—The statistics so absorbed will be published for the information of the authorities concerned and of the public with a review of the same, weekly, monthly and quarterly.

23. *The original register to be finally deposited in the Office of the President.*—Each register of originals shall be retained in the custody of the Registrar for one year after it is closed and shall then be sent to the President who, after careful scrutiny of all un-attested erasures and alterations, shall file it as a permanent record.

24. *Entries to be made in the birth registers by Midwives and Vaccinators.*—It shall be the duty of the Registrar to produce his register of births before the midwife and the vaccinator, respectively, to enter their initials, with such remarks as may be called for, against the cases in which they have attended at the birth of a child or vaccinated it, as the case may be.

25. *The Health Officer and the Sanitary Inspector to exercise supervision over Registrars.*—The Health Officers and the Sanitary Inspector shall constantly inspect the

instruct the Registrar as to the discharge of his duties, and exercise a general supervision over the work of the Registrar. The registers shall be checked at least once a week by the Sanitary Inspector and the entries verified should bear the initials of the checking Officer with date of check.

26. *Errors.*—Every error found in the register of births or in the register of deaths shall be corrected by drawing a line through the original entry (but not so as to render it illegible) and writing the new entry above it, and the correction shall be fully signed and dated by the Registrar, if the error be discovered by him and by both the Registrar and the Checking Officer, if the error be discovered by a Checking Officer. All such corrections shall be duly intimated to the Registrar-General through the President with the reasons therefor. The corrections, when approved by the Registrar-General will be made in the returns filed in the Central Statistical Office, and due information will be sent to the President for informing the Registrars concerned:

Provided that no entry shall be corrected under this rule more than a year after the entry has been made except with the previous sanction of the President.

27. *When Registrar to give extract free of charge.*—The Registrar as soon as the registration of the birth of a child has been completed, give on application free of all charges, to the person who gives information of the birth, an extract under his hand from the register relating to such birth. For purposes of this bye-law, the register will be the register of originals kept by the Registrar.

28. *Search of Birth and Death Registers.*—Any person may, at any reasonable time on payment of a fee of four annas for each visit, search any register of births and deaths. For purposes of this bye-law, the register of births and deaths will be the returns sent daily by the Registrar through the President to the Registrar-General and filed in the Central Statistical Office (or in the case of occurrence prior to the coming into force of these bye-laws, the registers filed in the office of the President).

29. *Issue of Birth and Death Certificates in cases registered under the new system.*—Any person requiring a certificate of birth or death may put in an application affixing a one-anna court fee stamp and enclose an eight anna court fee stamp to be affixed to the certificate.

The application should state clearly:—

- (i) The name and father's name of the party in relation to whose birth or death a certificate is required.
- (ii) The date, month and year of the occurrence.
- (iii) The name of the street and the division where the event occurred and
- (iv) The postal address of the applicant for sending the copy.

The application may be addressed either to the Registrar-General or to the President, who will forward it to the Registrar-General. On receipt of such an application, the Registrar-General will cause the duplicate return relating to the occurrence to be traced and true copy of the same to be issued over his signature or that of the Deputy Registrar-General and sent either directly to the party concerned or to the President to be given to party concerned. Such extracts shall be certified as provided in Section 76 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 and may be produced in proof of the entries of which they purport to be copies.

For purposes of claiming benefit under the Mysore Maternity Benefit Act, a certified extract from the birth register may be issued free of cost to women workers in factories in Mysore City/Town.

In cases registered under the old system.—The above bye-law will be applicable only to occurrences taking place after these rules have come into force. In regard to occurrences prior to that date, the old bye-law will continue as follows:—

Every person applying for a certified extract from registers of births and deaths shall affix on his or her application one half-rupee court-fee stamp for the authenticated extract and if the extract required is from the registers of a year other than that in which the application is made, and additional searching fee of half-a-rupee shall be paid by the applicant for each copy of the extract which

should be paid in cash, all other fees being paid in advance and in court-fee stamps affixed to the application. Such extracts shall be signed by the President and sealed with the seal of the Council.

30. *Penalty for omission to give information.*—Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding bye-laws and who neglects or refuses to give such information or gives false information shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

ANJANAPPA,
President.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, Y. N. HOSAKOTE, PAVAGADA TALUK.

Notification dated 18th October 1956.

No. H. C. 117—56-57. It is hereby notified for the information of the inhabitants of Y. N. Hosakote Town that the Town Municipal Council, Y. N. Hosakote, at their meeting held on 31st August 1956 have resolved to adopt the Model Bye-laws for the levy and recovery of Octroi as per Draft Bye-laws appended hereto.

The Draft Bye-laws will be taken into consideration on or after one month from the date of publication of this Notification in the *Mysore Gazette*.

Objections or suggestions, if any, may be sent in writing to the Municipal Council within one month from the date of publication of this Notification in the *Mysore Gazette*. Objections or suggestions received after that date will not be considered.

MYSORE TOWN MUNICIPALITIES OCTROI BYE-LAWS.

1 The Octroi limits for the purposes of collecting Octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

2 No article liable to octroi shall be brought within the Municipal limits except by one of the high roads and the cross roads specified in the Schedule A (to be specified by each Municipal Council) or by the railway.

3 (a) The octroi posts at which such goods shall be liable to inspection shall be the Ookads on the high roads as well as the cross roads specified in the schedule, the bonded warehouse and the railway station. And every person bringing dutiable goods within the Municipal area shall report the fact at the first of such posts on the route by which they are brought. All officials of the Octroi Department not below the rank of a Mutsaddi are authorised to inspect the contents of any conveyance or package under Section 85 of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

(b) All persons driving vehicles shall stop them at the Octroi posts when entering the Town Municipal limits (whenever required to do so by the octroi staff) for the purposes of examining and searching articles liable to octroi.

(c) Breach of clause (b) of this bye-law shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding rupees fifty.

4 A table showing the articles on which octroi is leviable shall be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal Office and copies thereof shall be supplied without any charge to any person requiring the same. Such table shall also be affixed in a conspicuous place at every post or office at which octroi is levied.

GRANT OF LICENCES FOR THE SALE OF CERTAIN ARTICLES.

5 The conditions on or subject to which licences for sale of articles liable to octroi may be granted shall be as follows:—

OCTROI LICENCE OF WHOLESALE DEALERS.

(1) That the licence shall be in force only till the 31st March 19... and that it shall be shown to any octroi officer when he shall lawfully call for the same.

(2) That due written notice of the despatch of all consignment of articles to the licensee's address and probable date of arrival within Municipal limits be given to the officer in charge of the Town Bonded Warehouses, that these goods be brought within the Municipal limits between the hours of 6 A.M. and 6 P.M. and by any of the public high roads and cross roads described in the schedule or by railway, and that the parties in charge report themselves to the first ookad reached within Municipal limits, a

peon from which will accompany the consignment to the Bonded Warehouse and that the importers or persons in charge of the consignment shall be bound to answer truly all lawful questions put by the Octroi Mutsaddi or the Officer in charge of the Town Bonded Warehouse.

(3) That all Octroi articles attempted to be introduced within Municipal limits after 6 P.M. and before 6 A.M. or by any other than the public roads described in the said schedule or by the railway, will be considered as contraband and treated accordingly.

(4) That the article subject to octroi duty mentioned above shall not be introduced into the premises of the licensee or place of business without payment of octroi thereon.

(5) That when by the licence the licensee is authorised to vend (goods to be specified by the Municipality) in any form, an account in the accompanying form shall be kept by the licensee of all stock of (goods to be specified by the Municipality) imported and disposed of either by sale within the Town or exported beyond the Municipal limits and that such account shall be open to the inspection of any Octroi Officer above the grade of a peon and shall be submitted to the Officer in charge of the Bonded Warehouse on the 15th of every month for verification.

(6) That no dutiable articles intended for consumption in the Town of Y. N. Hosakote shall, under any circumstances, be allowed to be deposited by the licensee in any of the villages immediately beyond Municipal limits.

(7) That the licence shall not be transferable by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise, and that no persons except such as are named herein shall have power to act under it.

(8) That the licensee shall deposit Rs. 100 as security for the due observance of the conditions of the licence, the whole or part of it being forfeited as the President may direct for breach of any of the conditions of the licence.

OCTROI LICENCE BY RETAIL DEALERS.

6 (1) That the premises of the licensee may be inspected by any Octroi Officer at any time in the manner prescribed by the bye-laws.

(2) That in respect of all dutiable goods in the said premises whether purchased or sold by the licensee the octroi duty shall have been paid and the dutiable goods shall have been purchased at the Bonded Warehouse or from a duly licensed wholesale dealer.

(3) That no dutiable goods shall be stored or sold in any other place than licensed premises and any dutiable goods found in an unlicensed premises is liable to be contraband and dealt with accordingly.

(4) That the licence shall be in force only for 12 months namely from 1st April 19... to 31st March 19... and that it shall be exhibited to any Octroi Officer when he shall lawfully call for the same.

(5) That the licence shall not be transferred by sale, gifts, mortgage or otherwise and that no persons except such as are named in the licence shall have the power to act under it.

(6) The licensee shall within fifteen days from the date of issue of the licence to have a sign-board put up in a conspicuous part of the premises occupied by him with the following inscriptions legibly painted thereon in Kannada and English:—

Number of licence.....
Name
Licence to sell.....

(7) That the licensee shall deposit Rs. 10 as security for the due observance of the conditions of the licence, the whole or part of it being forfeited as the President may direct for the breach of any of the conditions of the licence.

(8) That the licence shall be liable to suspension or forfeiture for breach of any of the conditions of the Octroi bye-laws.

Refunds.

7 On all articles on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported by the original importer himself beyond the Municipal limits without breaking bulk refunds shall, subject to the following rules.

be granted at the rates originally charged at the time of import :—

- (i) on timber imported and re-exported in log within six months from the date on which octroi was levied ;
- (ii) on piece-goods within three months from the date on which octroi was levied :
- (iii) all other articles within one month from the date on which octroi was levied :

Provided that no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee.

8. Any person claiming refund under the above bye-laws shall produce the goods to be exported at the Central Octroi Office together with the original receipt for octroi duty paid thereon and an application for refund prepared in triplicate in the form annexed to these bye-laws. He shall fill up columns 1 to 10 of the application signing and dating the same, before he presents at the Octroi Office, he shall also produce for record in the office a certified copy of the invoice as per which duty was paid on the article at the time of its import.

9. Any person who has been exempted under Rule 6 of the Octroi Rules from production of goods at the Octroi Office on import shall, subject to the same conditions, be exempted from the production of goods to be exported.

10. The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted or the validity of the claim, shall fill up columns 11 to 15 and the coupon and hand over the form to the exporter along with the certificate in the Form annexed.

11. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under Rule No. 13 of the Octroi Rules shall be produced by the exporter at the octroi post of exit.

12. The octroi subordinate in charge of the post of exit shall satisfy himself that the goods produced as being covered by the pass correspond with the entries in the pass presented with them.

13. If the goods are being exported otherwise than by rail and if the consignment appears to be duly covered by the pass, he shall retain the coupon after due endorsement of the particulars specified on the reverse of the form. Otherwise he shall retain the pass and shall report the circumstances forthwith for the orders of his immediate superior. If the goods are under a free export pass, and do not appear to agree with the particulars given therein, they shall be detained until the orders of his superior are received.

14. If the goods are for export by rail, the octroi subordinate in charge of the station of exit shall retain the pass pending production of a railway receipt for the goods covered by the pass. Upon production of the railway receipt, if after due enquiry the said octroi subordinate is satisfied that the goods produced are covered by the pass and also by the railway receipt in question, he will then endorse on the reverse of the form and also on the coupon, the number and date of the railway receipt and will return the form retaining the coupon subject to the disposal in the prescribed course of business.

15. In all cases in which refunds are claimed the triplicate pass duly endorsed, as provided by Bye-laws 13 and 14, respectively, must be produced at the Central Octroi Office by the person keeping the refund and it after due check the Officer in charge is satisfied that a refund of octroi covered by such passes is duly payable, he shall forthwith pay the same to the person presenting the triplicate pass.

16. Every importer of dutiable articles, shall, if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President within three months of such import account for the articles received by him by producing either a permit obtained in token of payment of octroi duty or any export pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise.

17. Any person, importing or exporting dutiable articles who infringes the above Bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding 50 rupees.

MUNICIPALITY OF Y. N. HOSAKOTE TOWN.

Form of application for refund of octroi on goods exported from the Municipality.

To be filled up by the exporter										To be filled up by the verifying officer					Coupon
Description of goods	Quantity, number and value	Name of exporter with address in full	Name of person presenting the application with address in full	Place to which goods are exported.	Name of the consignee with address in full	Name of Oorkad at which the goods are exported	Date and hour at which goods are to be exported	Means of conveyance	Particulars of packages, e.g., number of bags, baskets, etc.	Deduction to be made from the quantity, number or value of goods.	Why deducted	Net quantity, value or number	Rate of Octroi	Amount of refund	Application Number
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

I intend exporting the goods mentioned above from this Municipality. Please refund the duty thereon to..... who is my authorised agent.

Signature of exporter or his authorised representative.

Endorsement by verifying officer.

I have, as far as possible, examined the goods mentioned in this application and made entries in columns 11 to 15. I have this day.....at.....A.M./P.M. satisfied myself that they agree with the details of the application.

Endorsement by the Mutsaddi at the Ookad of Export.

I certify that the goods numbering/weighing mentioned in this application passed out of the Municipal limits in my presence on at

.....
Signature of Mutsaddi at Export Ookad.

(Counterfoil).

(Counterfoil.) Certified that the goods mentioned in this application have actually passed out of Municipal limits in my presence on at

.....
Signature of Mutsaddi at Export Ookad.

Report of Refund Clerk.

Checked and agreed with the Refund Ledger (the exporter has produced Railway Receipt No. in proof of export).

.....
Signature of Refund Clerk.

Order of Disbursing Officer.

Pay Rs.

Date

.....
Signature.

I acknowledge receipt of the amount entered in the payment order, namely, Rs.

Dated

.....
Signature of Payee.

SCHEDULE "A"

Municipal limits for Octroi purposes.

All Octroi-able goods must enter into the town only through the following gates which are called Octroi and Toll Ookads :—

- | | | | |
|---|-----|-----|----------------------|
| (1) Pavagada Toll-gate on Y.N. Hosakote | ... | ... | Pavagada Road. |
| (2) Chalikere do. | ... | ... | Chalikere Road. |
| (3) Hosahalli do. | ... | ... | Hosahalli Road. |
| (4) Marammanahalli do. | ... | ... | Marammana Road. |
| (5) Bheemana Kunte do. | ... | ... | Bheemana Kunte Road. |

ANJANAPPA,
President.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, Y.N. HOSAKOTE.

Notification dated 18th October 1956.

Notice under Schedule VII, Section 62 (b) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

No. H.C. 117—56-57. Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of Y.N. Hosakote Town that the Town Municipal Council, Y.N. Hosakote, at their meeting held on 31st August 1956 have resolved to adopt the rules for the levy and recovery of Octroi (for the first time) and impose Octroi as defined in the rules given below.

Any inhabitant of this town objecting to the proposed levy and recovery may send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council, within one month from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette*.

Objections received after the due date will not be considered.

Mysore Town Municipalities Octroi Rules.

1. Octroi shall be levied in respect of animals or goods or both specified in the schedule I to these rules at the rates noted against each (the items of the schedule and the rates to be specified by the Municipal Council concerned).

2. The Octroi shall be paid at the time of import of the animals or the goods to the Octroi Mutsaddi in charge of the Octroi Ookad. In case of disagreement as to the amount of octroi duty payable by the Importer of goods

imported within the octroi limits the Mutsaddi in charge of the Ookad shall cause the importer to take the goods before the President or Vice-President or the Executive Officer, for the settlement of the duty to be paid.

3. When the goods have been examined at the octroi ookads, a pass in duplicate for such of the goods as are liable to octroi duty shall be furnished to the Importer by the Octroi Mutsaddi. On receiving such pass, the importer shall forthwith bring the taxable goods to the Central Octroi Office accompanied by a peon provided that, if the duty to which the goods are liable does not exceed five rupees the Octroi Mutsaddi, may receive such duty and give to the importer a permit showing the nature and quantity of the goods and the duty received; provided also that in the case of goods imported by railway, the Inspector or other officer-in-charge of the octroi post at the Railway station may, in the same manner, receive duty not exceeding five rupees.

4. When goods accompanied by a pass as aforesaid are brought to the Central Office, they may be unloaded and weighed or counted by the officer-in-charge of the Octroi Office. Upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods the importer shall either pay the amount due and receive permit for the removal of the goods or shall deposit the same in the Octroi Office. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be granted by the officer-in-charge of the Central Octroi Office for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the

goods, the duty paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of the receipt shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass, one copy which shall be filed in the office and one copy returned to the octroi post from which it was received. In case the importer wishes to re-export the goods at once, he shall do so only after obtaining a free export pass subjecting the goods to the escort of an octroi subordinate.

5. With a view to facilitating the appraisement of the value of goods when the tax is assessed on value, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of the goods for the inspection of the officer-in-charge of the Central Octroi Office. Whenever the invoice produced by an Importer is in a language other than English or Kannada, he shall produce a true copy of such invoice translated into English or Kannada and verified by the importer.

In case the importer does not produce an invoice he shall give a declaration in writing regarding the quantity, number, weight, value, etc., of the article, for clearance of octroi duty. Should the importer fail or refuse to produce the invoice or if the invoice or the declaration produced appears to the officer in charge of the Central Octroi Office to be false or unduly low, the value of the goods shall be assessed by the officer in charge of the Central Octroi Office at the current rates and octroi levied accordingly.

Explanation.—When the appraisement of the value of goods is made on the basis of the invoice, the value shall include all expenses such as packing charges, freight charges, cart hire, etc., less trade discount shown in the invoice.

6. With the previous approval of the President, in each case, any carrying agent through whom goods are imported on behalf of persons resident within the municipality or any wholesale importer may, on depositing as security such amount not being less than Rs. 250 as may be fixed by the President, be exempted from producing the goods imported by him, or through his agency for inspection at the Central Octroi Office provided that he makes arrangements satisfactory to the President for the supply to the Municipal Council of correct and detailed lists of all such goods with the names of the consignees in each case. Every such agent shall be responsible to the extent of his deposit for the payment of octroi on all goods which may have left his premises without octroi having been paid:

Provided that the President may at any time cancel such exemption by giving notice in writing to such agent or importer and return to him the amount of his deposit or such portion thereof, as may remain to his credit or may in any case require such agent or importer to produce any such goods for inspection at the Central Octroi Office.

Every deposit holder under this rule shall submit on or before the 3rd of every month the stock accounts of the previous month for verification of dutiable articles.

DEPOSIT ROOM—CENTRAL OCTROI OFFICE (BONDED WAREHOUSE).

7. The Municipal Council shall provide a Bonded Warehouse in the Central Octroi Office for the custody of goods which may be deposited under Rule 3 of the Octroi Rules.

8. The Bonded Warehouse shall be open for the transactions of business from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M. daily except on Sundays and Holidays authorised by the President. Arrangements shall however be made by the officer in charge of the octroi office for dealing with perishable articles such as betel leaves on such days.

9. Any importer depositing goods in the Bonded Warehouse shall, unless the officer in charge of the octroi office has previously by weighing, counting or appraising ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon, give a declaration in the form appended (Schedule No. 2) of the description, weight, quantity and if necessary of the value of the goods.

10. A receipt in the form appended (Schedule No. 3) shall be given by the officer in charge of the central octroi office for all the goods deposited in the Bonded Warehouse and a Register of all such goods shall be maintained.

11. The receipt given by the Octroi Department for depositing the goods should be returned before taking delivery of the articles to which it refers; otherwise the officer in charge of the central octroi office may refuse to deliver

12. If the depositor does not himself take delivery of the articles deposited in the octroi office, he must on the receipt a request for delivery to the person he wishes it to be made and if the receipt is not the delivery of goods may at the discretion of the officer in charge of the octroi office be withheld until the depositor is entitled in his opinion to receive the same has indemnity to the satisfaction of the officer in charge of the octroi office.

13. Any person who has deposited goods in the Warehouse may break bulk or change the packing on application to the officer in charge of the warehouse, on paying full duty thereon, import such goods within the municipal limits covered by a permit or may deposit such goods immediately after the receipt into the warehouse free covered by an export pass subject to the approval of an octroi subordinate; provided that new goods covered by such pass shall if possible, before they are removed from the warehouse be stamped by the officer in charge as to show that they are under deposit.

The export pass shall be in triplicate, the original to be retained by the officer in charge of the warehouse, the duplicate and triplicate delivered to the exporter.

14. No goods shall be allowed to leave the warehouse until storage fee has been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(a) Goods shall be allowed to remain 24 hours free of charge counted from sunrise to sunrise.

(b) After that period single rates as in the following table shall be charged for seven days or portion thereof.

	R.	a.	p.
1 Tobacco per maund of 24 lbs.	0	0	6
2 Timber sawn per ton	0	4	0
3 Do in log do	0	4	0
4 Piecegoods per bale 400 lbs. or over or per case of 6 dozens or over.	0	2	0
5 Piecegoods per bale of less than 400 lbs. or per case of less than 6 dozens.	0	1	0
6 Sugar per 100 lbs. or 100 kgs.	0	0	6
7 Kerosene per gallon or per 100 lbs. or 100 kgs.	0	0	3
8 Iron and any other articles per ton	0	4	0
9 Other oils per tin of 4 gallons	0	0	3

(c) Double these rates shall be charged after 7 days provided that the President, may in his discretion grant a reduction in or exemption from, such double rates.

(d) The date of admission and removal of goods shall be reckoned as one day and Sundays and closed holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date of removal. Fees under each class shall be payable. When caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the warehouse to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall be reckoned.

15. The President may permit any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the bonded warehouse for the storage of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers in the municipality and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms as may from time to time be found necessary.

16. When goods stored by wholesale dealer in the bonded warehouse under the above rules are issued for sale, such allowance may be made on account of weight or wastage as may from time to time be determined by the President.

17. All perishable commodities remaining in the bonded warehouse unclaimed after 48 hours shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the warehouse. All goods remaining unclaimed or unclaimed for a longer period than three months shall be sold in like manner, provided that before selling such goods notice of that fact shall be given for seven days at the bonded warehouse and at the Municipal Office and provided that goods shall be sold only if the storage fees are likely to exceed their value.

18. When any goods are sold under the octroi rules the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal Funds, in payment of duty and storage fees in respect thereof: provided that if the amount of the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be kept in deposit for one year and any claim for the balance received during that time shall be duly paid by the President. At the expiry of one year the balance received during that period have been

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of rules Nos. 10 to 14, 16, 17 and 18 relating to the deposit.

Witness :—

Signature

Date

Signature of Depositor.

Address

Date

SCHEDULE No. III.

Octroi Office or Bonded Warehouse, ... Town Municipality.
Received for deposit, the undermentioned goods from

Receipt No	Consignment Number and Date	Goods Despatch Note Number	Name and description of articles	Number of articles	Remarks

Octroi Clerk.

Officer in charge of Octroi Office or Bonded Warehouse.

ಮಂಜು,
President.

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OFFICE OF THE AMILDAR AND RETURNING OFFICER, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, CHIKMAGALUR.

Notice dated 23rd October 1956.

Consequent on the election held in VI Division of Chikmagalur Town Municipal Council, Chikmagalur, on 27th February 1956, having been set aside under section 20 (2) of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951, by the Election Commissioner in election Mis. 13/56 it is hereby notified for the information of the inhabitants of Chikmagalur Town that the Bye-election to fill up the vacancy caused above will be conducted under section 18 of the Town Municipalities Act, 1951, read with rule 15 of the Mysore Town Municipalities Election Rules, 1951, on Monday, the 3rd December 1956 as per the calendar of events noted below.

The number of seats to be filled up is one, and is opened to be contested by all classes.

The notice of candidature should be presented to the Returning Officer in person or during his absence, to the Taluk shirestadar, Chikmagalur, at Taluk Office, Chikmagalur, not later than 3 P.M. on Monday, the 12th November 1956.

The notice of candidature should be accompanied by a certified Mysore Bank Challan for having credited Rs. 50 (fifty) only to Chikmagalur Municipal Funds towards Election Deposit. The deposit to be made by a member of a scheduled caste shall be Rs. 25 (twenty-five) only.

No notice of candidature shall be deemed valid unless the required deposit has been made.

Printed copies of forms of Notice of Candidature will be supplied to any elector at the Taluk Office, Chikmagalur, on

payment of Re. 0-2-0 per copy. The publication of the Calendar is made in the Division and on the Notice Board of the Taluk Office and Municipal Office.

Calendar of Events.

- | | |
|---|--|
| (a) Number of persons to be elected | One |
| (b) Division for which they are to be elected. | Sixth Division, Chikmagalur Town. |
| (c) If any seat is reserved, the Division in which it is reserved. | Not reserved |
| (d) The date on which and the places at which notices of candidature should be presented and the last date for the presentations of notices of candidature. | On or before 12th November 1956 between 11 and 8 P.M. on all working days at the Taluk Office personally to the Returning Officer or to the Taluk Sheristadar. |
| (e) Person to whom the notice of candidature presented. | The Amildar and Returning Officer, Chikmagalur Town Municipal Council, or the Taluk Sheristadar during the absence of the Amildar and Returning Officer. |
| (f) The date on which the notice of candidature will be taken up for scrutiny. | At the Taluk Office, on 15th November 1956 at 11 A.M. and onwards. |
| (g) The date on or before which the candidature may be withdrawn. | 16th November 1956 not later than 3 P.M. |
| (h) The date and time of Notification of withdrawal as per rule No. 27 of the Mysore Town Municipalities Election Rule, 1951. | 16th November 1956 before 5 P.M. |
| (i) The date and time of the publication of the list of candidates with symbols. | 17th November 1956, at 5 P.M. in the Municipal Office. |
| (j) The day on which and the place or places where the votes of electors will be taken and the hours during which the poll will be taken. | Monday, the 3rd December 1956 between 8 A.M. and 12 noon, & 2 P.M. and 6 P.M. at the Town Hall, Chikmagalur. |
| (k) The day on which and the place and hour at which the Returning Officer will commence the counting of votes. | Tuesday, the 4th December 1956 in the Taluk Office, Chikmagalur at 8 A.M. |

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RAHAMATHULLA KHAN,
Amildar and Returning Officer.